The Massillon Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY. MASSILLON, OHIO, MONDAY FEBRUARY 7, 1898. XXXVI—NO. 48

THE BOARD OF TRADE.

An Important Session Held Thursday Night.

THE STATE FINANCE COMMITTEE.

It Will Inspect the Massillon State Hospital Next Week—A Reception Committee Named by President Ricks—Manufacturers Desirous of Locating Here.

The February meeting of the board of trade was attended by eleven members, and in the absence of Prof. E. A. Jones, Horace C. Brown officiated as secretary. President Ricks proposed the election of a second vice president to succeed R. W. McCaughey, retired, and Messrs. Felix R. Shepley, Tobias Schott, Daniel Hemperly and H. C. Brown were nominated. Messrs. Brown and Hemperly withdrew, however, and Mr. Shepley was elected by a vote of 7 to 4. David Reed and H. C. Dielhenn were tellers. The chair named the following committees for the ensuing year, which were accepted: Arbitration—W. N. Hemperly, Z. T. Baltzly, F. W. Arnold; public improvements—James Corns, F. H. Snyder, S. A. Conrad and C. M. Russell; railroads and transportation—W. B. Humberger, J. C. F. Putman, David Reed and J. K. Russell; new enterprises—C. A. Gates, H. C. Dielhenn, J. F. Snyder, J. W. Foltz and J. W. McClymonds; finance—J. H. Hunt, H. C. Brown and George Snyder: manufacturing—John Silk, W. R. Harrison, C F. Snyder, Andrew Boerner and C. O. Olson; local mercantile interests—W. B. Martin, S. F. Wefler, J. M. Walker, George Goodhart, Jacob Wise and W. D. Benedict; real estate—G. L. Albrecht, James R. Dunn, C. M. McLain and A. W. Inman; statistics—J. E. Johns, E. F. Bahney, Dr. T. J. Reed, C. E. Oberlin and E. A. Jones; legislation—A. Howells, F. Hookway, J. M. Schuckers and Tobias Schott; produce and grain—D. Atwater, C. L. McLain and D. Hemperly; membership—Felix R. Shepley, A. F. Portman, H. V. Kramer and G. C. Haverstack; lumber and coal—F. A. Brown, J. C. Albright and E. B. Bayliss; taxation—D. T. Frank and G. F. Schworm; streets and pavements—Joseph Coleman and Fred Loeffler; telephones, telegraphs and electric railways—H. H. Everhard, Albert Hess and H. Meuser.

The secretary read communications from an East Liverpool pottery company and the National Shovel Works, of Chicago. Each concern expressed a desire to locate in Massillon providing sufficient inducements were offered. Both letters were referred to the committee on new enterprises.

A communication from the anti-scalping bureau, soliciting the endorsement of a bill legalizing the sale of transportation tickets and fixing a penalty for failure on the part of transportation companies to redeem unused mileage, and one from the secretary of the Pure Food and Drug Congress to be held at Washington in March, were filed on respective motions by Mr. Foltz.

The secretary was instructed to remit fifteen dollars to the state board of commerce, the membership assessment for the year.

At request of the Manufacturers' Association of New Jersey, the board endorsed a postal reform movement which provides for an increased rate on second-class mail matter. Postmaster Shepley, being present, stated that an advance of the rate was essential. The secretary was also instructed to acknowledge the receipt of a silver medal from the Philadelphia museums, commemorating the opening of that institution. The Nicaragua canal petitions were distributed for circulation.

The chair made known the intention of the House and Senate finance committee to visit Massillon next week, on their tour of inspection of state institutions. Mr. Foltz's motion instructing Chairman Ricks to name a committee of five, to assist him in arranging for the entertainment of the visitors, was agreed to. Messrs. Foltz, Conrad, Corns, Everhard and Hunt were selected and later Mayor Schott and H. C. Brown, president of the city council, were added to the committee. The board adjourned.

For Lower Salaries.

The farmers of Holmes and Wayne counties have been holding mass meetings, to which all taxpayers were invited, and are making a strong effort to have the salaries of county officials reduced. The following petition is being circulated in every school district in Wayne county: "We, the undersigned citizens of Wayne county, O., do believe the time has come when we, as voters, petition to the legislature for the purpose of reducing the salaries of all county officers, except county commissioners, at least one-half the sums they now receive for such services rendered in said county. We further believe the law should be so amended as to authorize the county commissioners to do the work now done by the board of infirmary directors, and abolish that office, at a salary of $800 each per year, without further allowance."

Pocketing to be a Felony in Kentucky.

FRANKFORT, Feb. 5.—[By Associated Press]—The Senate pased a bill making pocketing a felony, except on race courses. The bill now goes to the House.

Wright's Celery Tea, regulates the liver and kidneys, cures constipation [illegible]

MASSILLONIANS INTERESTED.

Re-organization of the Canal Fulton Machine Company.

Messrs. C. M. Russell and George W. Culver, of Massillon, have purchased the interests of C. W. Mathie and G W. Miller in the Canal Fulton Machine Company, manufacturers of land-rollers. The company has been re-organized with the following officers: Adam Kurtz, president; C. M. Russell, vice-president; G. W. Culver, secretary treasurer; Edward Porter, manager.

WORK HOUSE REPORT.

Abstract from Superintendent's Annual Statement.

THE RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES

There Were 930 Persons Incarcerated During the Year and Sustained at a Cost of $123.37 Each—The Directors Opposed to Being Turned Down.

The directors of the Stark county workhouse are greatly displeased with the effort to abolish the board, thus giving the control of the institution to the county commissioners. They consider the attacks upon the present management of the institution malicious and wholly unwarranted. One of the directors of the institution stated today that the opposition to Superintendent Pontius is the result of political differences and not occasioned by the alleged inefficiency of that official. They aver that the Republican as well as the Democratic members of the board are strongly opposed to being thrust aside. It is also claimed that the institution has been more prosperous during the past year and that under the present system the income will yearly increase.

The report of Superintendent Pontius for the year ending December, 1897, has been completed and is now in the hands of Secretary Love, of Alliance. The total expenditures for the year, including the purchase of several teams of horses and expenditures for road equipment, furniture, etc., is given at $26,093.48. The cash receipts were $10,676.69. This includes $7,500 received for boarding prisoners from other counties and $1,500 for labor in the broom shop.

The balance was derived from other sources. Deducting the cash receipts from the total expenditures, the cost to the county for the maintenance of the institution for the year was $15,416.79, with the teams, road outfit, etc., yet on hand. The annual levy for the support of the institution is $20,000. During the past year 930 prisoners were received, 465 being from Stark county. The daily average in confinement during the year was 125, and the cost per prisoner for subsistence was $123 37. According to the cash receipts each prisoner earned $85 50. The greatest expense was incurred, it is alleged, by road work. The improvement west of Massillon, made by workhouse labor, is estimated at $3,500, and improvements in other sections of the county are estimated by the county surveyor at about $8,000.

A North Lawrence Surprise Party.

NORTH LAWRENCE, Feb. 4—One of the most pleasant society events of the season occurred here on Wednesday evening. In answer to invitations sent out by Mrs. J. W. Schuckers fifty guests assembled at Maplewood, their country home, and so cleverly was the affair planned that the host, Mr J. W. Schuckers, was wholly in the dark as to their coming, and hardly knew how to greet so many unexpected guests. Among those present from abroad were, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Schuckers, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Richelmer, Miss Ada Coleman and Mr. Charles Geis, of Massillon. The Mandolin Club of Canal Fulton discoursed sweet strains during the evening and "all went merry as a marriage bell." The home was tastefully decorated with palms, potted plants and carnations. The thoughtful hostess had provided for the comfort and delightful entertainment of all Cards and other games added to the brilliancy of the event. In the owl game, Alice Pollock won first prize, a baked owl, and Mr. J. W. Schuckers won the booby prize, a paper owl. At 11 o'clock a dainty, but bountiful supper was served in two courses. At a late hour the guests dispersed, with happy good-byes and pleasant recollections.

A Petition for Divorce.

ORRVILLE, Feb. 4—Mrs Amanda Hupp by her attorney of this city has filed a petition for divorce from her husband, Cal Hupp, who is at the present time serving a term in the Ohio penitentiary for pocket picking some months ago in this city. She says they were married February 10th, 1897 and have one child aged four months. She says her husband totally disregarded his marriage duties, deserted her and never lived with her or supported her or their child. She asks for the restoration of her maiden name, Amanda Cordroy, custody of the child and for such other relief as she may be entitled to.

Messrs Eshleman & Shannon, of this city, have secured the water works contract at Monroeville, by which they are to lay four miles of water pipe at a cost of $14,000. There were twenty-nine competitors for this contract, but these gentlemen were the lowest bidders.

No man can cure consumption. You can prevent it though. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, sore throat. Never fails.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

Sights and Experiences in Foreign Lands.

TRAVELS IN SPAIN AND MORROCCO.

The Wise Basha is Seen Dispensing Justice to His Subjects, While the Ladies of the Party Become Acquainted with His Wives—The Queen's Stronghold.

TANGIER, Morocco, Jan. 15.—Of our entrance into Gibraltar, our struggle to secure our goods and chattels from the grasp of a jibbering throng of unwashed and half clad Spaniards and Moorish Jews, of our final triumph, and temporary establishment at Wheatley Terrace, under the shadow of the historic rock, honeycombed with subterranean passages, and bristling with British cannon, there is much I might say. But the guide books tell about Nelson, and Trafalgar, and purple cloud tipped peaks, and blue sky and blue sea, and leaves me nothing but the record of a personal experience.

Here at Gibraltar we paid our first tribute to England's power, our names being sent to the commandant's headquarters, and our host being required to account for our presence in the town. Here we found British red coats in their smart jackets and absurd little caps strutting everywhere. Here we saw a Spanish funeral, the coffin borne aloft on stalwart shoulders, preceded by priests in robes, followed by still other shovel hatted priests, then acolytes in surplice and carrying lighted candles, then many other children, also carrying lighted candles. At dusk the evening gun boomed across the water, and to the stirring music of fife and drum, we passed a squad of soldiers, escorting an officer with drawn sword, going to the quay, to lock the city gates. We encountered cunning little donkeys all but hidden under their huge panniers, and in the next moment the trim coupe of the commandant's wife, with driver and footman in gorgeous livery. We peeped into oriental curio shops, heard the echoes from the beer and dance houses filled with some of the six thousand British soldiers who guard the mouth to the Mediterranean, and on every side noted, in spite of the mixture of western and eastern civilizations, the order and security which are everywhere guaranteed in the Queen's dominions.

In sharp contrast with Gibraltar, so clean and orderly, with just enough of the Oriental to contribute to its picturesque interest was Tangier, whither we turned on a mournful, rainy morning, in the crowded, stuffy cabin of a steam ferry boat. Our captain was an Irishman, the crew included Portuguese and Spanish sailors, and our fellow passengers were Morocco Jews, devout Arabs, and tourists from the four quarters of the globe. Among the latter was a courier that had had fame thrust upon him years ago by Mark Twain, who made him the Ferguson of his "Innocents Abroad." With great pride he told us of this fact and exhibited a prospectus written out by his own hand in which he "compromised" to show his clients certain things. Through the blinding rain we saw rising abruptly from the African shore the Rif mountains, alive at this moment with pirates lying in wait for their prey, and listened to our captain's tale.

"You're all safe enough," said he, "if you're on a a steamboat, because you can get away, but if you should get over on that shore in a sailing craft you'd have a lot of trouble. Only a year ago they caught an Italian sloop becalmed. They made the crew prisoners, loaded all the truck into their small boats, and threw the Italians overboard. They allowed them to hold on to their boats with one hand and in that way got crew and cargo ashore. They made the sailors prisoners, and not only held up the Italian government for a ransom, but kept their men until 1 0 Rif pirates in prison at Tangier were released through the intervention of the Italian government. You can always tell a Rif by his tuft of hair by which he expects to be lifted into heaven. The government isn't much better than the pirates. It's no wonder they've a rebellion on their hands. Last week the Sultan captured a lot of the ingsurgents a few hundred miles from Tangier, selected twenty-five of the ring leaders, cut off their heads, salted them, and put them on poles at the entrance to the city."

Happily for us, Consul General Partridge and Vice Consul Lily were of our party, being then on their way to Tangier, to which post Mr. Partridge had been assigned. Only those who have made a landing at Tangier, reaching shore in row boats, or carried on the shoulders of natives, and then submitting to the exactions of Arabic custom-house keepers, can fully appreciate the joy with which we beheld in the bay at Tangier a galley flying the American flag, sent in the rain for our comfort by the retiring consul general. The ancient Jew, clad in a coffee sack, fez, and heelless slippers, who acts as messenger to the United States consulate, stood guard over our belongings, swearing in Spanish and Arabic, while six stalwart Moors pulled us to shore. Once on land the two soldiers of the Sultan, detached for duty at the American consulate led the procession to our hotel, and with the little interpreter of the consulate crying, "Balak! Balak!" at the hordes of beggars and donkeys that crowded the narrow streets, we walked to our hotel, gazed upon as hated Christians, by the scornful, silent Moors.

Tangier, the chief seaport of Morocco, is said to be the most truly typical of the un-Europeanized Mohammedan cities which it is safe for the traveller to visit. Even here one must go prepared to be beset on every hand by demands for money, and asking prices double those certain to be accepted if the buyer be of a thrifty turn of mind. The houses built upon streets which one can span with outstretched arms, domicile some 30.000 Moors and Jews. The only railway in the country is 300 yards long, extends the length of the new pier, and upon it cars are pushed by hand. Wheeled vehicles are unknown, and the streets resound with the cries of the filthy inhabitants, whose principal conversation is with their patient plodding donkeys. Only the fear of the ships and guns of foreign powers protect the pilgrim in Tangier, but that fear is most wholesome, and so long as the stranger visits the main streets, and goes about his own business, he is in no danger. The Sultan does not welcome the consuls and ministers of foreign powers, but having to endure them, keeps them at Tangier by sending his minister of foreign affairs from the capital city, Fez, to Tangier to reside.

On the night of our arrival we were called from our dinner to the balcony overlooking the Lesser Sok, or Small Market, to witness a Moorish wedding procession. To the music of a score of bagpipes came an escort on donkeys, and then, surrounded by lanterns, appeared the poor little bride, or rather the bird cage in which she was securely hidden, perched on top of a donkey's back. Her father's friends trooped in the rear, and the gay cavalcade made its way noisily to the home of the bridegroom, who chanced to be Hamed, one of the two soldiers who had escorted us from the pier that afternoon. He had taken unto himself a second wife—being a very young man, and according to the custom of the country he had never seen her, but had contracted for her before the Basha, that afternoon, with her father. The civil contract and the procession which we witnessed constituted the entire ceremony, and next morning Hamed was at the portal of the consulate as usual, clad in the diaphonous drapery of a sheet, smoking cigarettes, and dreaming of other wives for his still scantily stocked harem.

Later I met the wise Basha, or governor of the province, sitting tailor fashion at the gate of the Kassabah, or citadel, while the ladies in our party passed within and as a mark of especial favor were permitted to gesticulate with his thirty or so of wives in the harem. The great man, of ponderous girth and spongy consistency and yet withal a handsome man, shook hands cordially, while soldiers and litigants passed back and forth and made manifest their reverence for their chief, whose reputation was that of one gifted in the law of the prophets. After the manner of the East the Basha sits at the gateway of his fortress, day after day, holding an open air court. According to the patriarchal custom he gives audience to the humblest of his constituents, settles their most trivial disputes and dispenses judgment personally. It is from this usage that we obtain the words "the Sublime Porte" in speaking of the government of of Constantinople, as it is from "the Sublime Porte" or sublime gate, that all government proceeds. My friend, the Basha, has no law but his own will, although himself under the direction of the Sultan at Fez.

Another pause we made was at the home of a rich Jew into whose home had just been born a son. The occasion was made one of great rejoicing and all the world was welcome to come and partake of hospitality. The house was built with the usual central court or "patio" and the tables in adjoining rooms were filled with dainties. We forebore a very close inspection of this mansion, feeling the delicacy of our position, although assured that it was quite proper for us to mingle on even terms with the other guests.

Donkeys carried us into the suburbs, away from the smells and noises, past the homes of Moorish aristocrats, whose wives peeped at us from behind transparent curtains. For miles and miles we cantered between avenues shaded by cacti and palm trees, stopping now and then to gather roses, orange and geranium blossoms, and sometimes, from the sides of the lovely hills in Africa, look across the blue water of the Straits of Gibraltar to the mountain range in Andalusia, Spain's most fertile province.

We turned at length, to find ourselves pursued by negroes from the Soudan, who played and sang for our delectation, snake charmers who followed their harmless vocation, and beggars all tattered and torn. As we moved through the Great Sok, or Great Market, our retinue doubled in size, children followed us, eyeless seckets, made so for begging purposes, were turned toward us, the maimed flung themselves in our pathway, and with shouts of "Ballak! (go away) ballak!" we pushed on and sought rest from the labors of the day. Then, with approaching darkness, as the shrill noises subsided, and the beggars slunk into their corners, with heaven their only canopy, and stars of wonderful brightness to light the way, while the white-robed soldiers of the sultan nodded in the doorways which they guard, the Muezzin broke the silence from the minaret of the Mosque, wailing, in weird and solemn tones: "Awake! awake! It is better to pray than to sleep! Allah! Allah! Great is Allah, and Mohammed is his prophet!"

R. P. S.

Grand Ma ege noodles, only 5 cents per package. Albright & Bousted.

THE EARLY SCHOOLS.

First Institutions of Massillon and Perry Township.

MR. METHVIN'S KENDAL SCHOOL.

Another Interesting Article by Prof. E. A. Jones Shows that Massillon's Citizens were Always Interested in the Dissemination of Knowledge—Some of the Teachers.

(For the information contained in this article the writer is largely indebted to the history of Perry township prepared by Robt. H. Folger, esq., and the personal reminiscences of A. T. Skinner.)

In 1824-5 an act was passed by the General Assembly of Ohio for the regulation of the schools of the state. It provided for the election of three directors in each school district, and authorized a levy of one-half a mill upon the dollar to be appropriated for the use of common schools. It is pleasant to note in this connection that the Hon James W. Lathrop, at that time a member of the House from Stark county, was largely instrumental in securing the passage of this act. He is often referred to as one of the founders of the common school system of Ohio. Under this act, schools were maintained in Perry township for a few months in each year, but they were seldom taught by the same person for more than one term. The amount of money received from the levy was not sufficient to meet the expense, but the deficiency was promptly and cheerfully made up by the patrons of the school.

It is impossible to give the names of all of the teachers in those early years.

Robert H. Folger, esq., in his history of Perry township states that the first school in the township was taught by William Mott, "a young Quaker of limited education, but earnest in his efforts to do good, faithful, and upright."

One of the early teachers in the township was Cyrus Spink. He is described as a "man of education and excellent habits." He was a successful teacher and a man highly respected by parents and pupils. He afterwards moved to Wooster where he became major general of a military division. He was elected to congress, and died at Wooster in 1859.

Another teacher of those early days, who was much beloved by her pupils and highly esteemed by all who knew her, was a Quaker named Ruth Logue. She afterwards became the wife of Nathan Galbraith, of New Garden, Columbiana county.

Barak Michener is also mentioned as one who taught an excellent school in Kendal.

Perry township at that time formed one school district, and her citizens, even in that early period, were deeply interested in the education of their children and were willing to make sacrifices for the support of their schools.

The first school opened in Massillon was in 1827, in a building which was located on the corner of Mill and Charles streets and which had been erected by James Duncan for other purposes.

The teacher was a young man of sterling worth and superior attainments who came from Berkshire county, Massachusetts His name was Harlow Chapin. The directors at this time were James Duncan, Alexander Johnson, and Gilbertharp Earl.

A contract was made with Mr. Chapin for $12 per month and board. He taught a very successful school for two or more terms. He afterwards married a daughter of Gilbertharp Earl, esq., and removed to Harmar, O., where he became quite prominent in the state.

The furniture provided for this first school in Massillon, says Mr. Folger, "consisted of four long slab benches or seats, without backs, and a sort of a sloping shelf on one side of the room for practicing writing, with a large open fire place on another side capable of receiving cord-wood from which to warm the room."

According to the same authority, "Mr. Chapin's first term was such a success that he was immediately employed for a second, at the end of which his school closed with a theatrical exhibition in the ball room of Judge Miller's hotel."

In the year 1830 Mr. Methvin, a Scotchman, taught school in a frame house which had been built for a dwelling on the north side of State street, in Kendal. During the year a brick schoolhouse was built on the opposite side. Mr. Methvin removed to this building and continued teaching for a year or two longer. His death occurred only a few years ago at Millbrook, Wayne county. He was succeeded by Mr. Lowry. After a few years, when the town of Massillon had outstripped Kendal in population, Mr. Lowry opened a school in the first "meeting house" built in Massillon, which stood on the south side of Plum street, above Prospect, on the spot now occupied by Mr. Burton's barn. This building was used by all religious denominations, as well as for political meetings and celebrations. In later years it was converted into a carpenter's shop, which was occupied by John Zimmerman. Mr. Lowry was succeeded by Elisha Teeters.

About the year 1832 Mrs. Brown, from Massachusetts, opened a private school in her residence, on the northwest corner of Mill and Oak streets. At a later period she also taught in the public building in Plum street. At about the same time school was opened in the "Long Room" over the store of Hagus [illegible]

Mr. A. T. Skinner, who was a pupil in this school, describes Mr. Collins as a man of culture and refinement and a teacher who exerted an excellent influence over his scholars.

A little later Mr. Hubbell taught for a term or two in what was known at that time as Field's hall. This building was located on the south side of West Main, near Canal street, and is still standing. Another teacher of those early days was John Mark. He is well remembered as a lame man and a good instructor. He continued to teach in the Plum street building until the Baptist church was erected, on the corner of Mill and North streets, under the auspices of the Rev. O. N. Sage.

In the basement of this building there was a hall arranged as a main entrance, from which opened two large rooms, one for boys, and one for girls; at the rear end of this hall was a recitation room where the boys and girls met to recite. On public occasions the two largs rooms were opened into one by means of a movable partition. About the year 1836, Mr. Mark built a private school-house on the ground now occupied by Mr. Pocock's residence. The basement of the Baptist church continued to be occupied for a district school. About the year 1841, Mr. Mark was succeeded by Mr. Wallace, who afterwards taught a select school in a two-story frame structure erected for that purpose on North street, between High and Cedar. Among the other teachers who were employed previous to 1847, and whose names are remembered by the older citizens of Massillon, may be mentioned, Brice S. Hunter, Allan Richards and Miss Grosvenor.

The acknowledged necessity of securing better accommodations for the public schools, and giving permanency to those of a higher grade, led the friends of education to secure the passage of the special Act of February 21, 1848, under which the Massillon Union School was organized. So well adapted was this law to the purpose for which it was framed, that no alterations were deemed necessary, and no change was afterwards made in it. The schools were continued under this special act until the law of May 1, 1873, was passed.

E. A. JONES.

THE GAME LAW.

Full Text of its Provisions Since the Recent Amendment.

Sportsmen are much in doubt in regard to the provisions and restrictions of the game law since the amendment was adopted last week. Rabbits have been outlawed, and the law as amended reads as follows:

Section 6961—No person shall, on any place, catch, kill, or injure, or pursue with such intent, any quail except between the 10th day of November and the 15th day of December, inclusive: or any prairie chicken, or squirrel, except between the 1st day of September and the 15th day of December, inclusive; or any woodcock, except between the 4th day of July and the 15th day of November, inclusive; or any rail, snipe, killdeer, plover, coot, or mudhen, or any wild duck, except between the 1st day of September and the 10th day of April, inclusive. No person shall, at any time, catch, kill, or injure, or pursue with such intent, any wild duck or wild goose by the use of any swivel or punt gun, or any other gun than a common shoulder gun; or with the aid of, or from any sink boat or battery, or by the use or aid of any steamboat, naptha launch, electric launch, sail boat, steam launch, or any kind of boat whatever, except a common row boat, propelled by oars. No person shall, at any time, catch, kill, or injure, or pursue with such intent, any of the birds, game, or animals mentioned in this act, with or by the use of any trap, net, or snare, or destroy any of the eggs, or nests, of any of the birds named in this section.

"No person shall kill any wild duck on Sunday, Monday, or Tuesday of any week, on any of the reservoirs belonging to the state of Ohio: or in or upon the waters of Lake Erie, and the estuaries and bays thereof; but nothing herein shall be so construed as to authorize the killing, catching, or pursuing with such intent, any wild duck on Sunday. No person shall hunt, or shoot, or trap, or have in possession in the open air for such purpose, the implements for the hunting, shooting, or trapping of the same, on the first day of the week, called Sunday. No person shall shoot at or kill any wild duck before 6 o'clock in the forenoon or after 5 o'clock in the afternoon of any day.

"Any person violating any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be fined as provided in the section 6968. Provided, that nothing herein shall be construed so as to prohibit the killing of squirrel by the owner or tenant of any premises where such animals are found injuring grain, fruit trees, shrubbery, or vegetables.

A MINE ACCIDENT.

George Dominick Seriously Injured in the Pocock Mine.

EAST GREENVILLE, Feb. 5.—George Dominick, of Greenville, was struck by a falling rock in the Pocock mine, yesterday, and his right leg was broken in one place and the left leg in two places. Internal injuries were also sustained, and his recovery is doubtful. Dominick's 14-year-old son, while attempting to lift the stone from his father, was himself struck by a piece of falling [illegible] and was seriously injured about the head and face.

Opera [illegible]

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THE EVENING INDEPENDENT is on sale at Bahney's Book Store, Bammerlin's Cigar Stand (Hotel Conrad), and Bert Hankin's News stand in North Mill street.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 7 1898.

Stark county prides herself on McKinley and Day, but she has much to answer for in Coxey, Browne and Jones — Zanesville Times-Recorder.

Now this is really too bad of the Recorder, which evidently has not had the advantage of personal acquaintance with the great men to whom it so slightingly refers.

The value of discipline and training in the public schools was illustrated at Columbus, on Thursday. A fire was discovered in one of the largest school buildings shortly after the beginning of the afternoon session, and when the fire drill signal, with which the children were familiar, was sounded the scholars, hardly realizing that the signal and the subsequent marching were in earnest, marched from the burning structure. In five minutes the entire building was a mass of flames.

The bureau of statistics of the treasury department has turned over a report relating to the export trade of the United States for 1897, which shows that American goods are taking big strides in oreign markets. Railroad cars, steel rails, bicycles, fruit, provisions and cereals are going abroad in larger quantities every month, and reports constantly reaching the United States from Europe tell of the uneasiness which prevails in commercial circles on account of the expansion of American trade.

Senator Alexander has introduced a bill at Columbus to promote the manufacture of beet sugar in Ohio. If this bill is passed a new industry will be practically established in the state, which promises to develop into large proportions. It is interesting to note that as far back as the year 1837 this subject was discussed in Massillon. The records of the secretary of the Massillon Lyceum show that on December 13 of that year B. G. Buswell, esq, gave a lecture upon "The Culture of Sugar Beets and the Manufacture of Beet Sugar."

Among the effects of the Dingley tariff law is the transferring of a number of manufacturing establishments from European countries to the United States, thus bringing in new capital and giving additional employment to American labor. Reports from Birmingham, Ala., show that an English firm is about investing $2,000,000 in the construction of a new steel plant at that place; advice from Carlspar, Germany, indicates that a prominent manufacturer of velvet is arranging to transfer his establishment to Mystic, Conn., and reports from France show that silk manufacturers of that country are contemplating the removal of their establishments to America.

The reason for the low price of corn compared to that of wheat which has been a cause of wonder to many people, is explained in an article in the Forum for February. Only a few years ago cotton seed was used only as a fertilizer, but it is now cultivated for its oil, and the crushed particles remaining after the oil has been pressed out are now known as cotton seed meal which has been found to be an excellent food for fattening stock. The oil is largely used, combined with lard, as a substitute for the unadulterated article and has displaced the use of 90 000,000 bushels of corn which would otherwise have been fed to hogs Accordingly the conversion of a by-product of the cotton field into an edible fat and a valuable fodder has displaced the use of 240,000,000 bushels of corn.

Director and Clerk Henry Bixler, of the board of directors of the Stark county infirmary, has addressed a statement to the newspapers in which he assumes to give the substance of the investigation of allegations made against Superintendent Gerwig. Other members of the board did not attach much importance to the charges, which stated among other things that the superintendent had allowed good food to go to waste and that he had been guilty of cruelty towards the inmates of the infirmary. Mr Bixler gives his belief in the truth of some of these charges as his reason for not voting for the re-election of Mr Gerwig. The testimony concerning the charges has been carefully gone over by the other directors, who have stated that they see nothing to warrant them except some personal grievances against the superintendent, and they do not propose to consider it as sufficient cause for removing him.

THE WORKHOUSE.

A year ago THE INDEPENDENT ... operation of Stark county's ... the books of the county treasury showed that there was spent in the year ending August 31, 1897, $24,584 55 more than was received. THE INDEPENDENT then warmly advocated closing the workhouse for five years as the best solution of the difficulty, and it also advocated turning over its management to the board of county commissioners. In the last six years the workhouse has cost the county the sum of $146 923 This is too much, and the petition published in Wednesday's edition of THE INDEPENDENT shows that the matter has never been dropped since its original discussion by the public. The fate of the bill abolishing the board of workhouse directors and vesting the management and control of the institution in the commissioners of Stark county should be a foregone conclusion.

THE WORKHOUSE MANAGEMENT.

It is not surprising that the directors of the Stark county workhouse should not be pleased with the effort which is being made to abolish the board, but that they should consider the present movement wholly unwarranted is a state of feeling not justified by the fact that was demonstrated in the columns of THE INDEPENDENT some time ago namely, that so far the management of the institution has been a miserable failure.

If, as is now claimed, the workhouse is in a more prosperous condition than formerly, so much the better—there surely was room for improvement; but at the same time THE INDEPENDENT sees no reason why the county commissioners should not handle the management of the institution, thus abolishing a multiplicity of boards and avoiding a division of responsibility. As was stated in the address on this subject to the people of Stark county, the commissioners are responsible for all bills contracted by the board of directors, although they have nothing whatever to say to the management of the workhouse or the amount of the expenditures—a condition of affairs which is manifestly unjust and which should be remedied as soon as possible.

A SENSE OF HONOR.

The speech of the Hon. Nelson Dingley on the Teller resolution is an utterance of the first principles of conscientious statesmanship. "No one denies," said Mr. Dingley, among other things, "that this or any other nation has the power to pay in full or in part or none of its obligations, in gold, or silver, or paper, or copper, according to its pleasure. Payment cannot be enforced against a sovereign nation. Its obligations are measured by its own sense of honor and good faith. But even if this sense of honor is at any time blunted, as was Shylock's, by dwelling on a narrow view of the letter rather than the spirit of the obligation, the intelligent selfishness of a nation, which is to live not simply for a generation, but for centuries, ought to lead it—and wherever a nation is wisely governed, does lead it—to so scrupulously maintain its pledges in both letter and spirit as to preserve its credit untarnished, and thereby not only make it possible to borrow at the lowest rate of interest, but also to make it easy to obtain loans in exigencies, which are sure, sooner or later, to come to every nation. A nation's honor and credit, I may say to gentlemen on the other side who applauded so jubilantly when the pending resolution was brought into this hall, are among its most priceless possessions—aye, its title deed to permanence and prosperity."

FROM AN OLD MEMBER.

The Editor of the Chicago Tribune Writes of the Kendal Library.

Mr. Joseph Medill, the editor of the Chicago Tribune, among the greatest of American newspapers, is one of the few living members of the old Kendal Library Association. In reply to a letter from a friend in this city, inclosing the article written by Prof. Jones on the Association, Mr. Medill sends the following:

DEAR SIR—I thank you very sincerely for sending me the printed list of members of the old Kendal Library. I recall the faces and forms of most of the persons in the list as plainly as if I had seen them recently. Mr. Arvine Wales, sr., let me read books of that library as far back as 1832, when I was a mere lad in years and stature. First and last, I read most of the books of that library, except the theological writings of the Quaker clergy. I continued reading its books about to 1846, some years after I had sold my share of stock to George Holm, of Pike township. I suppose the supply came from my father's share of stock in the library.

Mr. Wales had a good library of his own, of which he freely loaned me I specially remember "Humboldt's Travels," "Rollin's Ancient Greece," a standard history of England, "Gibbon's Decline and Fall of Rome," "The Spectator," "Milton's Paradise Lost and Found," Pope's translation of "Homer's Siege of Troy," Shakespeare's dramas, "Young's Night Thoughts," some of Oliver Goldsmith's works, Pindar, Cicero's and Demosthenes' orations, and several books on the American wars with England, life of Washington, etc.

The literature I obtained from the Kendal library, supplemented by sixty or eighty well-selected books which my father purchased, furnished most of my reading from 1832 to 1847.

Very truly yours,
JOSEPH MEDILL.

Everybody's liable to itching piles. Rich and poor, old and young—terrible the torture they suffer. Only one sure ...

THE REX-DEMUTH CASE.

An Important Motion Filed by the Defendant's Lawyers.

CANTON, Feb. 4—Lawyers Baldwin and Shields, representing Mrs. A. R. Demuth, have filed a motion in court which may again bring up the Rex-Demuth slander case. The motion requests that the bill of exceptions filed by the Rex attorneys be stricken from the circuit court records, setting forth that the exceptions to the ruling of the common pleas court were not filed within the statutory limit.

The common pleas assignment for next week includes the cases of Biggar's executor vs Doxsee, and Davidson vs Frantz. Both are Massillon cases and are set for trial on Monday. The case of Conrad, Dangler & Brown, of Massillon, vs. Pahlau and others is set for Wednesday.

Steven Paquelet, administrator of the estate of Claud Paquelet, began proceedings in court today against Mary J. Schwalm to recover $2,400. The amount is due, it is alleged, on two promissory notes given in the respective sums of $1 600 and $800.

Louis J. Miday, of the firm of L. J. Miday & Company, of Canton, was stricken with paralysis this morning in the office of the tax inquisitor, in the court house. An ambulance was immediately called and Mr. Miday was conveyed to his home in North Market street. Mr Miday is a prominent citizen of Canton and the people are much concerned about his condition. He is about 40 years of age.

The attorneys for the defense in the case of Bridget Burk vs. John L. Jordan and others have filed a demurrer. They allege that the petition does not set forth facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action.

In the proceedings for sale of land in the assignment of Dominick Tyler, of Canton, on their own motions, Minnie Berg and L. J. Miday & Co. have been granted leave to answer. Henry H. Miller has been appointed executor in the estate of Louisa Miller, of Canton.

A marriage license has been granted to John A Reemsnyder and Lona V. Clouser, of Canton.

CANTON AND COURT HOUSE.

Items of General Interest from the County Seat.

CANTON, Feb. 3—The Davidson-Frantz case has been again delayed, and the witnesses who reported this morning were excused and returned to Massillon. It is possible the case will not be reached this week, owing to the case of Maurer's administrator vs. the C., C. & S. railway now on trial Action was brought to recover $2,000 for injuries received at Navarre.

Suit was begun today by Daniel Cobaugh to recover $1,549 60 from Wm. S. Williams and others. The sum is due on a promissor note, it is alleged, and is secured by mortgage.

The will and codicils of Louisa Miller, of Canton, have been admitted to probate. The will of John Patton, of Canton, has been filed for probate. The eighth partial account has been filed by the guardian of Henry and Anna Horst, of Lawrence Township.

Marriage licenses have been granted to Clarence Riley and Clara C. Powitski, of Canton.

CANTON AND COURT HOUSE.

Important Happenings of the Day at the County Seat.

CANTON, Feb. 5.—A verdict will not be reached today in the damage case of Naurer's administrator vs the C., C & S. railway, although an effort will be made to conclude the examination of witnesses. As Judge Thayer is involved in this case, the Doxsee case, assigned for trial on Monday, may not be reached. On Friday afternoon a verdict of $100 for the plaintiff was returned in the case of Zettler vs. Oberlin Damages in the sum of $5,000 were asked for an alleged assault.

In a petition filed in court today by lawyers Willison & Day, of Massillon, Elizabeth Tate applies for judgment against Adam Widder and Ida Widder in the sum of $4 982 96 The amount is due, it is alleged, on certain promissory notes, and is secured by a mortgage on eighty acres of land in Stark county. Sale of the land is desired to satisfy the claim.

Louis J. Miday, who was stricken with paralysis in the court house. Friday morning, died at 3 o'clock in the afternoon at his residence in North Market street. Mr. Miday was senior member of the manufacturing firm of Miday & Company, and was one of Canton's prominent and wealthy citizens.

Real estate transfers furnished by Trump & Oberly, abstracters of titles, Eagle block, Canton: Massillon—Charles Wentling to Elizabeth Wentling, part lot No 622, second ward, $1,600: P. G. Albright's administrator to Oscar L. Kraisch, lot No. 1,402 $140 Lawrence township—Adam Kurtz to Fulton Machine Co, lot No. 41, Canal Fulton, $275; Lucy Miller to Elizabeth Hardgrove, lot No 514, Canal Fulton, $350 Osnaburg township—Henry Krider to Samuel Gregory, 1 87 acres. $1 100 Sugarcreek township—William Penman to Henry Shammo, jr, 49 acres. $1.850. Tuscarawas township—Jacob Eggert to Hiram Scott, 3 74 acres, $319.

Appraisement has been ordered in the estate of Louisa Miller, of Canton. The will of John Patton, of Cleveland, has been admitted to probate. Private sale of wards' land has been ordered in the guardianship of Benjamin F. Leifer and others, of Perry township. Thomas B. Albert has been appoined executor of the estate of John Patton, of Canton. Beuchat & Son, of Louisville, have assigned to Alfred L. Jullian. The assets are estimated at $6,000 and the liabilities are not given.

Marriage licenses have been granted to Samuel L. Burgert and Mary Ada ...

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Important Legislation for Railroad Men and Farmers.

COLUMBUS, Feb. 4.—Mr. McGlinchey, of Tuscarawas county, introduced in the House a bill of decided interest to railroad men throughout the state. It has to do with the governing of the running of trains, and provides that it shall be unlawful to run or cause to be run on any surface railroad, any engine or train, outside of yard limits, without its being in charge of a conductor as well as an engineer, both conductor and engineer to be practical railroad men, who have passed the standard examination in use by said railroad company.

The general committee of the farmers of the House and Senate have reached practical unanimity in favor of a reduction of thirty-three per cent in the fees of county offices, placing county officers on a salary basis and paying the fees into the county treasury. The farmer members of both branches held their regular meeting Wednesday evening, and a committee from the Franklin county farmers' institute met with them The matter of the fees of the county officers was taken up, and a general discussion had upon the McCormick bill, which creates a fee commission. The general opinion seemed to be against portions of the bill, especially that part relating to the appointment of one or more deputies by the auditor of state. It was finally resolved that the farmer members of the legislature should favor a bill placing all county officials upon a salary, and providing that all fees should be covered into the treasury. A committee was appointed to draw up such a bill, composed of Representatives Kenny of Mercer, McCauley of Defiance, Hinsdale of Medina, Rankin of Fayette and Smith of Delaware, which will be reported at the meeting next Wednesday evening.

GERWIG RE-ELECTED.

He will be Infirmary Superintendent for Another Year.

A meeting of the infirmary directors was held in the court house, at Canton, on Thursday afternoon, and a vote for the election of infirmary superintendent was taken, which resulted in the re-election of J. C. Gerwig for the ensuing year. The vote stood: Hiram Doll, 1; J C. Gerwig, 2, Rixler voting for Doll, and Messrs. Hardgrove and Howenstine for Gerwig. Dr. H. W. Faulk was elected infirmary physician. The salary connected with the office is $250 per year Mr. Hardgrove moved that all necessary supplies for the infirmary from this date be purchased by the board of directors.

A committee, representing the Ministerial Association of Canton, waited upon the directors during the afternoon, and made an appeal for an increase of salary for the Rev. J. F Fahs, chaplain of the infirmary and workhouse. The appeal stated that the chaplain receives but $350 per annum for duties which consume his whole time and that this amount is not sufficient for the support of himself and family. It was decided by the infirmary directors that they would bring about a joint meeting with the commissioners and workhouse directors and consider the matter This will be done within the next two weeks.

STEAM AGAINST ELECTRICITY.

The C., L. & W. Railroad Wages War Against the Electric Line.

CANAL DOVER, Feb. 3—Ever since the construction of the electric line which linked this city and New Philadelphia with Uhrichsville, a year ago it has been well known that the traffic of the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling road was seriously crippled, and the long anticipated war between the two lines is now on The electric line rate was less than half that of the railroad, and consequently people patronized the former. Now the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling road has not only met the rate of the electric line, which is fifteen cents between the two points, but has put on four trains each way daily between this city and Uhrichsville, with proportionately cheap rates to intermediate stops. It is expected that the electric line will soon make another cut and do still better than the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling.

FAILED TO GIVE BAIL,

In Default of Which John Cassidy is Taken to Jail.

John Cassidy, of Salem, who was arrested by Deputy United States Marshal Keeley, a week ago, on a charge of having altered a one-dollar bill to a ten-dollar bill, was brought before United States Commissioner Folger for examination, today. Assistant District Attorney McKay conducted the prosecution. Three witnesses testified, one of them being the woman on whom the bill was passed at Salem. Cassidy's bail was fixed at $1,000, in default of which he was committed to the Cuyahoga county jail.

REVENUE REPORT.

Internal Revenue Collections for the Month of January.

Hon. L P. Ohliger, collector of internal revenue for the eighteenth district of Ohio, reports collections for the month of January, 1898, as follows: Beer stamps, $28.701 50; spirit stamps, $3,736 15, cigar stamps, $30.741 42; tobacco stamps, $1.645 80; oleomargarine stamps, $4 217 40; licenses, $1,311 84; penalties, $135 84; miscellaneous, $1 24; total, $70,491 63. Receipts for January, 1897, $58,394 26; increase, $12.097 37.

Could Not Float the Loan.

COLUMBUS, Feb. 5—[By Associated Press]—Attorney General Monnett has decided that a village or city cannot loan itself or its credit for the purpose of holding or securing industrial concerns. There was a case at Jewett, O, which desired to float a loan by a proposed industry.

Three Men Burned to Death.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Colo., Feb. 5.—[By Associated Press]—Three men were burned to death and another fatally injured by a fire in the Victor jail. The ... had been jailed for stealing a dia-

THE NEW STATE HOSPITAL.

Provisions Made for the Massillon Institution.

The bill providing for the redistricting of the state for state hospital purposes and providing a district for the Massillon institution, has drawn four counties from the Toledo district which are now included in the Massillon district. The latter also gains two counties from the middle western portion of the state, which have heretofore been a part of the Dayton district, viz, Shelby and Logan. The Columbus district, which loses five counties in the eastern portion of the state to Massillon, gains Champaign and Clark, also of the Dayton district. The Athens district loses one county, Clermont, to Dayton. Thus the northeast will be greatly relieved by the opening of the Massillon institution.

By the proposed arrangement there will yet be 432 insane persons in the state unprovided for, and in each of the seven districts the surplus will vary from twenty-six to ninety. The counties assigned to Massillon from the Cleveland district are Medina, Summit, Portage, Trumbull, Mahoning and Columbiana. Although the Massillon hospital can accommodate but about 400 prisoners at the opening in May or June, ultimately 1,200 or 1,300 patients can be taken care of.

REED & COMPANY BUSY.

Throughout the Season the Plant will be Operated.

Reed & Company's plant will be operated throughout the season, which closes about July 1. David Reed stated today that a sufficient number of orders had been received to furnish employment to the present force, about 200 men and boys, until the time specified. Reed & Company contemplate making some improvements at the close of the present fire, and the most essential will be the replacing of the day tanks now in use in one factory by the continuous tank system.

This will necessitate the employment of an additional force of blowers and assistants. The output this year will probably exceed that of last, 51,000 gross of bottles, the largest in the history of the corporation.

W. & L. E. REORGANIZATION.

A Radical Change Has Been Made in the Committee.

New York dispatches say that the reorganization committee of the Wheeling & Lake Erie Company has been changed for the purpose of having a representative of each class of securities upon the committee. It is now composed of Gen. Louis Fizgerald, representing the Wheeling division first mortgage bonds; Geo. Coppell, representing the Lake Erie first mortgage bonds; J. Kennedy Todd, representing consol fours; Eugene Delano, representing the first extension bonds, and William Dick, representing the stockholders. This change is taken to indicate that all interests are now working in harmony, and they are expected to present a plan to the security holders at an early date.

..Groceries and Provisions..

A full line of First-Class Fresh Groceries can always be had at the new Grocery.

PROMPT DELIVERY ASSURED.
Every article guaranteed to be fresh.

W. J. Stuhldreher,

Both 'Phone No 275. No. 32 North Mill Street.

Dr. H. Lester Kutchin

EX-U. S. EXAMINING SURGEON,

Late of Chicago, Greatest Living Specialist for the Treatment and Cure of all Long-Standing and Difficult Chronic Diseases and Diseases of the Blood and Nervous System. Consulting Surgeon at Maplewood Sanitarium.

Will, by special request, meet his many patients in this county every month for the next year, and examine all afflicted free. Ohio office, Columbus, O.

The noted Author and Medical Lecturer, and greatest living Specialist for the Treatment and Cure of difficult Chronic Diseases, has consented to visit this County and meet his many patients and friends, and give ALL AFFLICTED an opportunity to consult him **Free of Charge** and secure the latest and best treatment for such diseases as the regular family physician is not prepared to treat.

DR. H. LESTER KUTCHIN.

Dr. Kutchin will revisit this County every month, thus saving his patients the trouble and expense of visiting the city. And he is the only physician in this County who carries his own Diagrams to illustrate and make plain to all afflicted the cause and nature of their diseases. He promptly visits his town every four weeks and will so continue as long as God spares him to the afflicted.

CHRONIC DISEASES.

The Doctor treats no acute diseases, but makes a specialty of chronic and long-standing diseases. Cases given up by other doctors and pronounced incurable, he most desires to see. **Dr. Kutchin has treated over 12,000** cases in Ohio in the last two years, many of which had been given up as **incurable,** some to be Blind, others Deaf, and a Large Number to be Invalids for **Life.** Now they See and Hear, and many are on the high road to Health.

The Doctor is surrounded with a fine collection of instruments for examining and treating all chronic diseases of the Head, Face, Eye, Ear, Throat, Heart, Lungs, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Bladder, Skin, Brain and Nervous System, Cancers, Tumors, Piles, Swellings, Old Sores, Fits, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Gout, Sick Headache, Debility, Depression of Spirits, Diseases of Children, Hereditary Diseases, etc., etc., and, in fact, **all long-standing and chronic diseases.** All surgical operations performed.

EXAMINATIONS FREE TO ALL.

Whenever it is known that **Dr. Kutchin** is stopping at a place, **crowds gather to consult him,** and it is not to be wondered at when it is remembered that in diagnosing a disease he never asks a question, but describes the different diseases better than the sick can themselves. It is a **wonderful gift** for anyone to possess, and **Dr. Kutchin's** diagnostic powers have created wonder throughout the country.

He adopted the following plan, which is peculiar to the large hospitals, and is now and never has been the practice of country doctors, viz.: he carefully notes the symptoms of the patient, and ascertains the condition of the internal organs, all of which he carefully records in his register for future reference In this way he ascertains the true nature of the disease and its cause. When sick people consult him he readily tells them whether he can cure or help them, or whether they are beyond hope.

HIS IMPROVED METHODS OF TREATMENT

Are mild and pleasant; agree perfectly with the most delicate Lady or Child; do not reduce strength; can be used while at work, and give the greatest possible benefit in the shortest possible time. Patients can consult him or communicate with him as often as they choose, during the whole time required for the cure, without regard to where they may be, and without extra charge, thus rendering the treatment as successful and satisfactory as though they were living next door to each other.

MANHOOD PERFECTLY RESTORED.

Quick, painless and certain cure for Impotency, Lost Manhood, Spermatorrhœa, Losses, Weakness and Nervous Debility, also for Prostatitis, Varicocele, and all private diseases, whether from imprudent habits of youth or sexual excesses in mature years, or any cause that debilitates the sexual functions, speedily and permanently cured. **Consultation free and strictly confidential.** Absolute cures guaranteed in curable cases. No risk incurred.

DISEASES OF WOMEN.

Such as has baffled the skill of other physicians and remedies, **Dr. Kutchin** quickly cures. Cancers, Tumors, Fibroid and Polypoid Growths cured without the use of the knife. No cutting, no pain, no danger.

A LIFE OF EXPERIENCE.

The Doctor has had **a whole life** of study and experience in his profession, and enjoys advantages which fall to the lot of but few. After attending his Full Courses in the Medical Colleges, and **graduating** with the **highest honors,** he was not content to stop there, but has since attended other Colleges, and several times reviewed the whole profession; has also traveled extensively for the purpose of improvement, having visited the best Medical Colleges, Hospitals, Dispensaries, Eye, Ear, Lung and other Medical and Surgical Institutions, traveling thousands of miles, both by land and sea; **expending thousands of dollars** in improving every advantage within his command, and devoting the best years of his life to become thoroughly familiar with his profession in all its branches.

Latest Discoveries and Improvements.

Dr. Kutchin has received the most approved instruction in Analytical and Microscopical Examinations of the Blood, Urine, etc., which are now considered indispensable to a correct diagnosis in many diseases. There are many diseases which physicians in common practice do not usually treat, and are, therefore, seldom prepared with necessary and costly outfit to examine correctly, or treat with success; such cases, therefore, would do well to call at once and learn their true condition, and whether the doors of Hope are yet open, or forever closed against them.

FACTS FOR MEN OF ALL AGES.

By reason of **false modesty** the youth of our land are kept in ignorance of the ruinous results which certain solitary indiscreet practices produce. These vices when persisted in eventually undermine the constitution inducing nervous debility and premature decay. **Dr. Kutchin** has for many years enjoyed the distinction of being **the most successful and celebrated specialist** for the treatment and cure of these affections. You may consult him with complete confidence. Of all the maladies that afflict mankind there is probably none about which physicians in general practice know so little.

DELAY IS DANGEROUS.

Many diseases are so deceptive that hundreds of persons have them before they even suspect it. They know they are not well, but are perfectly ignorant of the deadly fangs which are fastening upon them, and must, sooner or later, certainly destroy them, unless rescued by a skillful hand. **Are you afflicted?** Your case may now be perfectly curable, but **Remember,** every moment of neglect brings you nearer its incurable stages, when, perhaps, the most skillful physician can render you no assistance. The present is ours, the future may be **Too Late.**

Epilepsy or Fits scientifically treated and cured by a never-failing method.

Free Examination of the Urine—Each person applying for medical treatment should send or bring 2 to 4 ounces of urine, which will receive a careful chemical and microscopical examination.

Persons unskillfully treated by ignorant pretenders who keep trifling with them month after month, giving poisonous and injurious compounds, should call and see the Doctor.

☞ Cases and correspondence confidential. Treatment sent C. O. D. to any part of the United States. Correspondence with invalids solicited. All letters with stamps inclosed answered free. Call and be examined and at least learn the cause of your disease, and if it can be cured. Tape Worms removed in from three to five hours without starvation. The remedies for the whole course of treatment are furnished from the Office or at the Institute, all at once or by the month.

CONSULTATION, EXAMINATION AND ADVICE FREE TO ALL AT THE

Hotel Conrad, Massillon, Thursday, Feb. 17, '98

ORRVILLE, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 22.

Consultation, Examination and Advice, Free.

Return visits made every 28 days

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

TRADE IS INCREASING.

Dun Notes a Surprising Gain In Most Lines.

THE MONEY MARKET CONFIDENT.

Failures In January Smaller Than For the Same Month In Any Year Since 1881—The Decline In Wheat a Surprising Feature.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade, issued today, says: Actual payments through clearinghouses in January made a remarkable showing, being much larger than in any previous month, 36.3 per cent larger than the same month last year, and 7.1 per cent larger than in 1892. The failures in January were smaller than in any other January since 1881. The statement by branches of business given this week shows a surprising gain in most departments of manufacture and trade. Meanwhile the money market is as confident as ever; gold does not come from Europe in large amounts only because bankers find it worth while to lend American money abroad and the commercial balances are heavily in favor of the United States as heretofore.

Perhaps the most striking feature of the week has been the decline in wheat. With exports very large the temper of the market has been weaker. The report of the agricultural department has had some influence, although its figures are not generally credited or reliable. The wheat market has turned largely upon the operations of a Chicago speculator, but the fact remains that the price depends largely upon foreign needs and the comparative scarcity of American supply. The outgo of corn continues heavy, indicating a very heavy foreign demand.

The iron and steel manufacturer is steadily gaining in consumption of pig iron, although the production of the material is still in excess of immediate demands, but not enough to cause a decline in prices in Pittsburg or Chicago. The demand for finished products has been very heavy, and includes, for structural work, 5,000 tons for the state capitol building in Pennsylvania, 4,000 tons for the courthouse at Denver, 3,000 tons for elevated railways at Chicago, and numerous small buildings in various parts of the country. The demand for car building has been very heavy, both at the east and west, and the plate demand greatly increased at the east on account of orders from shipyards.

The prospect of a combination of wire manufacturers has stimulated the demand and raised the price of wire rods. Of Connellsville coke, 15,509 ovens are in blast, with an output of 155,000 tons weekly, and the quoted price is $1.50 for furnace. Tin is quiet and steady at 13.85 cents, with a visible supply Feb. 1 of 31,120 tons, against 32,332 tons a year ago.

In woolen goods the demand is altogether more satisfactory, an advance of about 20 per cent being paid on most grades of the finer woolens and worsteds and nearly all the mills are active. The sales of wool at the three chief markets were 6,361,400 pounds, of which 3,973,000 were domestics, against 13,563,700 last year, of which 8,493,400 were domestic.

Failures for the year have been 335 in the United States, against 311 last year, and 39 in Canada, against 63 last year.

PENNSYLVANIA CAPITOL.

The Proposed New Structure Gets Into Court Again.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 5.— Attorney General McCormick has made application to the Dauphin court for a temporary injunction to restrain the capitol commission from awarding the contract for the proposed statehouse next Monday as intended by its public advertisement. The court ordered the commission not to let the contract until after the hearing, which has been set for next Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock.

The petition for the injunction was presented to the Dauphin county court by the attorney general, accompanied by a request that Auditor General Mylin be restrained from issuing warrants and State Treasurer Haywood from paying moneys for work done under any such contract.

The petition was combatted by counsel for the commission, who insisted that it would interfere with the rights of the legislature and might make impossible the construction of a capitol in time for the next session of the legislature.

Attorney General McCormick denied that there was any intent to delay building operations, and contended that there is nothing to prevent the commission from opening bids next Monday, after which the proposals will have to be considered for some time. During this intermission the matter could be argued before the court. If the commission were right, he said, he wanted it to go on, and if wrong it was his duty to stop further proceedings. The court remarked that it was a matter of grave importance to the state, and one which would ultimately come before the supreme court, to which counsel assented.

After consultation, it was agreed, without issuing a preliminary injunction, that the matter should be argued next Wednesday morning, meanwhile the commission will receive bids, but will not award a contract. The petition sets forth that the commission proposed building a statehouse in violation of the act providing for such structure.

Successor to Mrs. Kenna.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—The president has nominated O. A. Petty to be postmaster at Charleston, W. Va. The present postmistress is the widow of Senator Kenna, and an effort has been made to have her retained.

Another Loan of Quinlan.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., Feb. 5.—W. J. Quinlan, the Chemical National bank cashier, of New York, loaned the First National bank of this city, which failed some months ago, $60,000.

Maine to Be Relieved.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—The battleship Maine will be relieved from her station in Havana in the course of a few days. The Marblehead or Detroit will relieve her.

THE TOLL BRIDGE WAR.

Two Men Again Collecting Toll at East Liverpool.

EAST LIVERPOOL, Feb. 5.—The motion of John Shrader that the receiver ship of the bridge company be vacated was argued before Judge Sloane and decision rendered. Papers were served on Shrader enjoining him from interfering with the receiver, and Deputy Owen placed a tollkeeper at the Ohio entrance of the bridge.

Shrader moved his tollkeeper to the West Virginia side and once more two tolls are being collected. Shrader went to Wheeling to seek an injunction from the United States court, restraining the litigants from interfering with his possession of the bridge.

W. & L. E. REORGANIZATION.

Each Class of Securities to Be Represented on the Board.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—The reorganization committee of the Wheeling and Lake Erie Railroad company has been charged for the purpose of having a representative of each class of securities upon the committee.

It is now composed of General Louis Fitzgerald, representing the Wheeling division first mortgage bonds; George Coppell of Maitland, Coppell & Co., representing the Lake Erie first mortgage bond; J. Kennedy Tod & Co., representing the consol 4s; Eugene Delano of Brown, Bros. & Co., representing the first extension bonds, and William Dick of Dick Bros. & Co., representing the stockholders.

Have Other Engagements.

WARREN, Feb. 5.—A dispatch from Washington to President John J. Sullivan of the Ohio Republican League says President McKinley and Senators Mason, Foraker and Hanna cannot attend the Lincoln day banquet at Columbus on Feb. 11. The president will give a dinner to the supreme court on that date, and Senator Mason will be in Detroit, Foraker in Brooklyn and Hanna in Philadelphia on business.

Beaten by Robbers.

FOSTORIA, Feb. 5.—Three masked robbers entered the hotel of Godfrey Biles, near the city limits, bound the family and secured $150, a watch and other valuables. Mr. Biles was awakened, overpowered and beaten into insensibility. The men all made their escape by jumping on a freight going east.

GRABLE'S MINES WILL PAY.

A Bank With Which He Is Connected Fails

ST. PAUL, Feb. 5.—A Lead, S. D., special says: It is not thought that any permanent harm to Black Hill enterprises will result from the business troubles of Francis Grable. All of Grable's schemes will terminate successfully if managed right. There is no question that the Union Hill mines are rich with gold.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 5.—The Inquirer says today that the Interstate Canal and Irrigation Canal and Land company, one of the enterprises of Francis C. Gable, has announced to its creditors that it has not a dollar in its treasury with which to pay notes

CRAWFORD, Neb., Feb. 5.—The State Bank of Crawford did not open its doors yesterday. C. J. Grable, the cashier, is in the east. A. E. Robson, assistant cashier, will say nothing of the bank, further than that owing to the absence of Francis B. Grable, its president, coupled with the fact that the currency which was expected did not arrive from the east, he thought it better not to attempt to run though the day.

DOLE GOIMG HOME.

He Will Return Via Buffalo and Other Points.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—President Dole has accepted the invitation extended by Representative Alexander of New York for a visit to Buffalo. He will leave Washington Sunday night, going by way of Canandaigua and Rochester, but not stopping, and arriving at Buffalo at 10 a. m. Monday.

There he will be entertained by the Pan-American association, and in the evening will be tendered a reception and banquet. On Tuesday he will go to Cleveland for a visit to his sister, and thence to St. Louis, remaining there until Thursday, when he takes the Southern Pacific for the coast and thence home to Hawaii.

HASTINGS GRANTED THE PARDON.

Accepted Recommendation of the State Board as to Moreland.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 5.—Governor Hastings has granted a pardon to ex-City Attorney William C. Moreland of Pittsburg, who was serving three years in the Western penitentiary for embezzling city funds. The serious condition of Moreland's health was the governor's motive for signing the pardon.

The pardon board, as stated in these dispatches yesterday, recommended the pardon.

TWO RAILROADS COMBINE.

The New York Central and Hudson River Absorb the Lake Shore.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—The Lake Shore railroad has become the property of the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad company.

The operation involves the $49,466,500 of Lake Shore stock outstanding. The Vanderbilt holdings constitute a considerable majority, so that their assent to take bonds for their shares essentially carries the operation with it.

Fire at Wayne, W. Va.

WAYNE, W. Va., Feb. 5.—Fire destroyed Walker's dry good store, Dean's grocery house, Burgess' millinery store, Walker's hotel, Prichard's inn, Smith's hotel and several smaller buildings. Loss estimated at $60,000, with but little insurance.

Locomotives For Finland.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 5.—The British steamer Majestic has been chartered to carry 22 locomotives and a general cargo from this port to the Finland government. The locomotives are being shipped by the Baldwin works.

The Weather.

Light rain, clearing and not so warm tonight; southerly gales, becoming northwesterly.

THE STRIKERS FEARED

Defense Brought This Out In Martin Trial.

MISS COYLE DISMISSED SCHOOL.

Testified Strongly as to the Brutality of the Deputies—Three Shot Directly In the Back and Eight Indirectly - Guscott's Testimony Completed.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Feb. 5.—When the Martin trial was resumed Charles Guscott, the Lattimer schoolteacher, continued his testimony. He was chiefly occupied in pointing out those of the deputies he remembered having seen at Lattimer just previous to the shooting and afterwards when he was assisting the wounded.

Some of the deputies endeavored to avoid recognition by bowing their heads, and the court was compelled to order them to arise and come forward. They were then required to remain in the front row, where they could be easily seen.

The witness was turned over to the defense for cross-examination.

Counsel for the deputies endeavored to prove by the witness that the children of his school were not frightened by the approach of the deputies, but upon the first intimation of the approach of the strikers they became alarmed. It was shown by this witness that the strikers were in Lattimer on the Tuesday previous to the shooting, and there was some rioting. The witness admitted that some of the children were fearful of a repetition of the scenes of Tuesday and that he had allowed them to go home, knowing that their attention was distracted from their studies.

Dr. H. M. Kellar, who attended many of the wounded strikers and viewed the remains of the dead, was then called. He testified that many of the strikers were shot in the back, thus bearing out the allegations of the commonwealth that the deputies fired when the men were running away. Dr. Kellar described in detail the nature of the wounds.

The defense in its cross-examination, conducted by ex-State Attorney General Palmer, merely asked the doctor to classify the wounds, as to the positions of the men when shot. The classification was as follows: Shot directly in front, 5; indirectly in front, 9; directly in the side, 15; indirectly in the side, 5; directly in the rear, 3; indirectly in the rear, 8.

Of the 39 patients, 7 died in the hospital, 2 are still there and recovering slowly and 30 have been discharged, all of them cured except one, who is now in a Philadelphia hospital. He has a bullet in his head, and the physicians are trying to locate it by means of the x-rays. This direct classification rather upset the calculations of the prosecution, which had all along contended that a large number of the men were shot in the back.

Miss Grace Coyle, the young girl who is Principal Guscott's assistant at the Lattimer school, said she was standing on the porch of the schoolhouse and saw the deputies line up along the roadside. Then the strikers approached quietly and orderly. The sheriff stopped them and some of them gathered around him, but she did not see any of them attack him. Some of them cried go ahead, and a few of the strikers pushed past the sheriff. At that moment a shot was fired, then came another, and in an instant a crashing volley.

Some of the strikers ran toward the schoolhouse and fell. She didn't know whether they were shot while running or fell from exhaustion from being wounded at the first volley. She helped some of them into the schoolhouse and bandaged their wounds. One deputy named Hess laughed at her, while he walked about smoking a cigar, and she told him he ought to go to Cuba.

"Another deputy, Clark, laughed," said she, "and I said to him, 'do you think you've done a glorious thing today?' I called two more of them bums."

She further said: "Shortly before 4 o'clock Miss Cora Hinbach came to the school and said: 'The strikers are coming and I want my little sister to go home with me.' I excused the little girl and then thought it best to dismiss the class so they could get home before the strikers came."

This will be strong evidence for the defense, as it will show that on the Tuesday previous to the shooting a number of the strikers were rioting in Lattimer and terrorized the residents. While these were not the same men who marched on the fatal Friday, the testimony will be valuable to prove that in view of the rioting of Friday the sheriff considered the lives and property of the Lattimer people in danger, and felt he was justified in using extreme measures to protect them.

CRUISER AT CUBAN PORTS.

The Montgomery Visited Matanzas and Sailed For Santiago.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—The navy department has received a telegram from Captain Converse of the cruiser Montgomery announcing the arrival of that vessel at Matanzas, Cuba. The captain said that he fired a salute which was duly responded to by the Spanish forts; that visits were exchanged between himself and the local officials, and that he had been received with the greatest courtesy. Everything was unusually quiet at Matanzas, added Captain Converse. He left the place in the Montgomery today for Santiago, on the south side of the island, and his stay there will be brief.

The Brooklyn, which is bound for a cruise in the Windward Islands and thence through the Caribbean sea, winding up at Colon, has sailed from the New York navyyard for Hampton Roads for coal.

Not Guilty of Criminal Libel.

MINNEAPOLIS, Feb. 5.—The jury in the criminal libel case against Colonel W. E. Haskell, manager of The Times, has brought in a verdict of not guilty. The article attacked the management of the Minneapolis Trust company as receiver for the Guaranty Loan company.

THE REINDEER COMING.

Rev. Dr. Jackson Announces the Sailing From Norway.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—A cablegram received at the war department from Jackson at Alten, Norway, announced that the steamship Manitoban, chartered by Lieutenant Bevore for the government, had just sailed from that port for New York with 530 reindeer and 87 Lappmen and women to care for the animals and drive them on the government relief expedition when they arrive in Alaska.

The war department is now making arrangements for the transportation of the deer across the continent, from New York to Seattle.

The war department has contracted with the Pennsylvania railroad for the transportation of the reindeer. The route will be over the Pennsylvania lines, the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul and the Great Northern railroad. Passenger train time is to be followed, and the government reserves the right to stop the train and rest the animals at points selected by its agents.

BRYAN AND DAVIS.

Both Think Prosperity Has Not Reached New England.

WATERVILLE, Me., Feb. 5.—An interesting correspondence has just taken place between William Jennings Bryan and C. W. Davis of Maine, who won fame upon the stump in the late campaign. The correspondence pertains to the existing cut in wages of the New England cotton mills, etc. Mr. Davis sent the following dispatch to Mr. Bryan:

"New England observed St. McKinley's day. Restored confidence has been discounted 10 per cent in all our mills and the Republican party still lives.

"C. W. DAVIS.

"Waterville, Me."

Mr. Bryan responded as follows:

"I have noticed the reduction of wages in New England, and, while I have not sufficient knowledge of all the facts to enable me to pass judgment, it seems to me that the reduction is hardly in keeping with the promises made by the advocates of the Dingley bill.

"Very truly,

"W. J. BRYAN."

AN AMERICAN SURRENDERED.

Gave Up to the Spaniards, Because Rebels Didn't Pay Him.

HAVANA, Feb. 5.—Advices from Gibara, Santiago de Cuba, say that an American, who has been serving with the insurgents as captain of artillery and who had $5,000 in a belt, has surrendered to the Spanish authorities there. It is added that the captain took this step because the insurgents had failed for some time to give his pay as agreed upon. The name of the American is not mentioned.

The insurgents have captured 14 men, including six volunteers, who were bathing in the river near Gibara. The fate of the prisoners is not known.

To Escort Torpedo flotilla.

BARCELONA, Feb. 5.—The perfect has stopped the departure from this port of the Spanish steamer Ciendad de Cadiz, and has returned the fares of passengers booked to sail on board the steamer. The Ciendad de Cadiz will be armed and used as a cruiser to escort the Spanish torpedo flotilla to Cuba.

Spanish Cruiser For New York.

LAS PALMA, Canary Islands, Feb. 5.—The first-class armored cruiser Vizcaya of the Spanish navy has arrived here from Cartagena and sailed again for New York.

PRESIDENT AGREED TO ATTEND.

He Will Participate In Memorial Day Exercises at Gettysburg.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—President McKinley, and probably some of the members of his cabinet, will attend the Memorial day services at Gettysburg on May 30 if public business does not intervene to prevent them. The president so informed a delegation who called on him to extend the invitation.

The delegation consisted of Messrs. Lewis D. Wine, Dr. Swope, Chief Clerk Bailey of the pension office, E. M. Dawson, Hon. Henry Clay Evans, commissioner of pensions, and A. C. Tonner. They were introduced to the president by Judge Day, the assistant secretary of state. Hon. Webster Davis, the assistant secretary of the interior, has already accepted an invitation to deliver an oration on the occasion.

DONNA ELVIRA DIVORCED.

Daughter of the Spanish Pretender Done With Her Married Count.

LONDON, Feb. 5.—A special dispatch from Rome says that a judicial separation has been granted to Donno Elvira, daughter of Don Carlos, the pretender to the Spanish throne, from her husband, Count Filippo Folchi. The court ordered Folchi to pay the countess 300 francs alimony per month.

Donna Elvira Bourbon-Anjou, the second daughter of Don Carlos, in November, 1896, eloped from Rome with Count Folchi, an artist, said to be a married man with a family. Donna took with her her jewelry, which was valued at $60,000. Folchi is poor, ugly and a cripple.

EX-GOVERNOR OSBORNE DEAD.

He Was on a Visit to His Fiance at Meadville, Pa.

OIL CITY, Pa., Feb. 5.—Ex-Governor Thomas Osborne of Topeka has died at the Commercial hotel, Meadville, after a short illness, from hemorrhage of the stomach, brought on by a cold.

He was to have been married in Meadville in April to Mrs. Margaret Richmond, widow of the late H. M. Richmond of Meadville, and the object of his visit to that city on Thursday was to visit his fiance.

Ex-Governor Osborn Dead.

TOPEKA, Feb. 5.—News has been received here in a private dispatch to Mr. P. I. Bonbrake, president of the Citizens' National bank, of the death of ex-Governor Thomas A. Osborn at Meadville, Pa.

Murderer Wachlin Hung.

HILLSBORO, Or., Feb. 5.—Gus Wachlin, the murderer of John Ledrick, has been hanged here.

TODAY'S MARKETS.

Latest Reports From the Centers of Trade.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—The Vanderbilt deal has given a fresh impetus to the market, although it might be said that the expectation of further developments of the same kind have more affected speculaton. The morning market was strong, especially Vanderbilt's and B. & Q. London is inactive. Traders buying general electric.

BANK STATEMENT.

Reserve Decreased	$ 87 875
Legals Increased	1,712,600
Specie Increased	995,400
Loans Increased	7,794,100
Deposits Increased	11,318,300
Circulation decreased	70,300

NEW YORK, Feb. 7.—In New York the market worked higher, with a fair call for loans from local banks. Deposits are also keeping up well. The increased activity in the iron and steel manufacture helps the market all around. Commission house buying was the best in the week, and news on the whole was favorable, and the market advanced easily. London bought heavily, although the market there was lower the past few days. Gas was not quite so firm as earlier in the week. Sugar had a good advance today. The week closed with the market firm.

The following figures show fluctuations of stocks, as furnished by T. B. Arnold's exchange:

	Open-ing.	High.	Low.	Close
American Sugar	137⅞	139½	137¾	139½
American Tobacco	89½	90⅝	89¼	89½
Atchison (Pfd.)	31	31½	31	31½
C. B. & Q.	100⅝	101¾	100⅝	101¾
Chicago Gas	97¾	98⅝	97¼	98¼
Jersey Central	97¼	97⅞	97¼	97½
Louisville & Nashville	59½	59¾	59½	59½
Manhattan	117	117½	116½	116¾
Missouri Pacific	34	34⅝	34	34
Rock Island	93	93¾	93	9 3⅝
St. Paul	95⅞	96¼	95⅞	96⅛
Western Union	92⅛	92¾	92⅛	92¾

CHICAGO, Feb. 5.—[By Associated Press]—Hogs active $3 70@$3 97½; cattle quiet, unchanged.

CHICAGO, Feb. 5.—Liverpool cabled wheat ½ penny lower. Our market opened a fraction lower than the close of yesterday and advanced ½ cent, holding firm until near the close, when it lost the entire advance. The Bulletin says the northwest crop was 20,000,000 bushels more than the government estimated. A decided improvement in the domestic cash trade in provisions is developing in this advance. Packers' sales over night are much larger than usual.

CHICAGO, Feb. 7.—Wheat has ruled very quiet during the last three days and prices have not varied materially. A moderate demand has existed. Receipts continue quite large. Choice wheat especially has sold well, and purchasers were mainly millers. The feeling in wheat at the close, Saturday, continued quite divided, but the temper, on the whole, was rather bearish. Some decline abroad, caused by liberal offering from Argentine prices, have covered a range since Thursday of two cents on future and one and one-fourth on spot. Close was firmer.

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Close
Wheat				
May	95	95⅝	94⅞	95
July	84½	84¾	84	84
Corn.				
May	29½	29⅝	29½	29⅝
July	30¼	30½	30¼	30⅜
Oats.				
May	24⅛	24⅞	24⅛	24⅝
July	23	23⅛	23	23⅛
Pork				
May	10 25	10 35	10 25	10 27
July	10 30	10 35	10 35	10 35
Lard				
May	4 95	4 97	4 92	4 92
July	5 05	5 05	5 02	5 02

TOLEDO Feb. 5.—[By Associated Press]—Wheat 94½.

DALTON, Feb. 5—Wheat, 90 cents.

NAVARRE, Feb 5--Wheat, 88-90 cts.

BEACH CITY, Feb. 5.—Wheat, 90 cts.

The following prices are being paid in the Massillon markets:

GRAIN MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	92
Rye, per bushel	35-38
Oats	20-24
Corn	30-32
Barley	40
Wool	15-18
Flax Seed	1 00
Clover Seed	$2 50-2.60
Timothy Seed	$1.00-1 15
Bran, per 100 lbs	75
Middlings, per 100 lbs	80
Hay	$6 00-7 00

PRODUCE.

Choice Butter, per lb	18-20
Eggs, per dozen	18
Lard, per lb	7
Hams, per lb	10
Shoulders per lb	6-7
Sides	6-7
Cheese	8 11
Potatoes	65-70
White Beans, per bushel	1 00
Onions	75
Apples	80-90
Evaporated Apples, choice	8-10
Chickens, live per lb	6½
Salt, per barrel	1 00 1 2
Dried Peaches, peeled	8-10
Dried Peaches, unpeeled	4-6

Teachers' Institute.

The next regular institute of the Perry and Tuscarawas Township Teachers' Association will be held at Genoa, next Saturday afternoon and evening. These institutes have been successful and beneficial in every particular and our next institute will be an exceedingly interesting one as will be seen from the programme, and all active and progressive teachers will be in attendance as they cannot afford to miss these suggestive and helpful institutes. E. A. Stewert is making arrangements to entertain a large number of teachers, and has informed the writer that the householders will give us a hearty reception and requests that those attending the institute in the afternoon leave Massillon on the 1:30 car, and all that cannot attend in the afternoon and can in the evening to leave on the 6:30 car. All teachers and lovers of education are cordially invited and earnestly urged to be present and enjoy the following programme: Written Solutions by H. H. Gallatin; Errors in Language, C. M. Smith; Geology, A. J. Mayer, Religion in School, D. W. Walter; Should there be More Schools in the Rural Districts, E. A. Stewert; Subject selected, A. B. Oberlin.

Wright's Celery Tea cures constipation.

WOULD YOU BELIEVE

The Testimony of Outsiders Sooner Than the Evidence of Massillon Citizens.

Read every item in your local papers.
News notes, advertisements and market reports.
Mark this very important fact,
Don't forget it when compelled to, but
Tell your neighbors who overlook it.
That one-not two-only one.
Of all the numerous remedies,
Put up for frail humanity
Is backed by local testimony.
Not Boston proof for Massillon people,
Nor tales from distant far off towns.
But Massillon proof for Massillon people.

Doan's Kidney Pills in this respect,
Exist unique-alone-no other can do it.

Mr. T. B. Arnold, clerk at the Hotel Conrad, says: "I had a miserable backache across the loins every time I went to stoop over or bend somewhat it would cause the greatest pain. For two or three weeks I thought I would have to give up work. I did not know for sure what was wrong but I blamed the kidneys and went to Baltzly's drug store at the opera house block and got a box of Doan's Kidney Pills. They relieved me before I had taken an entire box. Doan's Kidney Pills are all right and I recommend them to anybody."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name DOAN'S, and take no substitute.

DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS

The only safe, sure and reliable Female Pill ever offered to Ladies. Especially recommended to married Ladies. Ask for DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS and take no other. SEND FOR CIRCULAR. Price $1.00 per box. 6 boxes for $5.00. DR MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio. For sale by Z. T. Baltzly, druggist

Bear in mind that the want columns is a good investment.

Cut This Out

And wait until Feb. 11th at 9 a. m.

One of the largest Clothing Houses in New York City has failed for $150 000. The stock has been brought here by order of the court, and will be closed out at retail in 10 days by a well known concern. On account of this great failure the store-room at

No. 37 S. Erie St.

Has been rented by the Assignee expressly for this great Bankrupt Assignee's Sale. The stock consists of nearly

$50.000 worth of fine Clothing

The storeroom will remain closed until Friday, Feb 11, at 9 a. m., when this great sale will begin at the above place,

No 37 S Erie Street.

Below we quote a few prices in order to show what extraordinary bargains will be offered.

Men's Durable Suits, **$2 95**, regular price $7 00.

Men's Business Suits, **$4 50, former** price $10.00.

Men's Worsted Suits, **$7.80, worth** $ 5 00.

Men's Dress Cassimere Suits, **$9.65,** worth $18 00.

Men's Clay Fine Worsted Suits, **$10.50** worth $20 00.

Men's Striped Pants, **49c, worth $1.00.**

Men's Business Pants, **98c, worth $2 00**

Men's Cassimere Pants, **$1.48, regular** price $3.00.

Men's Dress Pants, **$2.50,** former price $5 00.

Boys' Pants at **15 cts.** a pair.

Boys' Suits, **$1 15,** worth $2 00.

Boys' Fine Suits, **$1.98** worth **$4 00.**

Men's Overcoats, **$1 48,** worth $5 50.

Men's Durable Overcoats, **$4.50, worth** $9.00.

Men's Beaver Overcoats, **$5.75, worth** $12.00.

Men's Melton Overcoats, **$7.48, worth** $15 00.

Men's Fine Satin Lined Overcoats, **$10.50,** worth $20.00.

Men's Ulsters, **$3 95,** worth **$8 00.**

Men's Ulsters, **$6 50,** worth $13.00.

Men's Socks, **3 cts.** a pair.

Handkerchiefs, **2 cts.** a piece.

Unlaundered White Shirts at **19 cts.**

Men's Silk Web Suspenders, **9 cts.**

Men's Blue Denim Overalls, **25 cts.**

And 10 000 different articles we cannot mention here. It will pay you to come a hundred miles to visit this great sale.

If you value money don't miss it.

Everything Sold as Advertised.

This Sale will Positively Commence on

Friday, February 11th.,

at 9 a. m.

at the below mentioned place.

37 South Erie St.,

MASSILLON, O.

LOOK FOR THE BIG RED SIGN.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this week by Independent Investigators.

Miss Anna Williams is visiting friends in Dalton.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Heyman, a daughter.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Mausz, a daughter.

Mrs. Joseph Howald is vissting in Newcomerstown.

Harry Brown has gone to Newcastle, Pa., where he will remain until spring.

Jeremiah Harrington, of East Palestine, is visiting his brother, Peter Harrington, in this city.

W. M. Lyon, who has recently opened a stock broker's office in this city, has a Bell telephone, No. 259.

Mr. and Mrs. David Reed will occupy their handsome new residence in East Main street within a few weeks.

Mrs. F. G. Card and Mrs. Lizzie C. Holmes, of Berea, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Turenne Getz, in West Tremont street.

John Hoffman, of Huron, who stole a lot of pastry from a bakery at that place, has been sentenced to a year in the penitentiary.

Miss Sholders, of Massillon, returned home Tuesday, after a week's visit with her cousin, Miss Maud Kirk.—Canal Fulton Signal.

H. B. Camp has promised to have his road ready for shipping coal from the mines in the vicinity of West Lebanon by the first of May.

John Dwyer, after an absence of several months, which he spent in St. Louis, Belleville and elsewhere, has returned to Massillon.

William Smith, of Pigeon Run, and Miss Martha Collier, of Camp Creek, were married on Wednesday evening by 'Squire Wilhelm, at Justus.

The number of J. S. Coxey's Bell telephone has been changed to 271. A Bell telephone has been placed in William Stuhldreher's grocery. Call 275.

Emmet Kaufman will leave this evening for Shreve, having been notified of the serious condition of his father, who was stricken with paralysis recently.

The leaders of the Christian Endeavor Society of St. John's church for February are Miss Carrie Pflug, Mrs. G. Maiers, Miss Cadille Graybill and Charles Ruth.

The rainfall for January, according to the Massillon Supply Company's guage, was 4.13 inches. That of the same month in the preceding year was 1 39 inches.

The Christian Endeavor leaders of the Presbyterian church for this month are: Mrs. R. E. Leighton, Miss Annie Shepard, Miss Gertrude Rigdon and James Heckman.

Twenty Protestant ministers have united in a published attack on Mayor Gibson and his police force, of Zanasville, for refusing to suppress different forms of lawlessness.

The Lester farm of 400 acres, located in the northwest corner of Lawrence township, was purchased, yesterday, by Mrs. J. M. Lester, of Massillon. The purchasiug price was $10,700.

The leaders of the Epworth League of the First M. E church for the month of February are as follows: Mrs. N H. Willaman, Miss Nora Miller, Miss Nan E. Wiseman and George Cruttenden.

Mrs. Milo Alden is confined to her West Main street home, having been so unfortunate as to fall on the icy sidewalk in West Main street, Friday evening, sustaining a bad sprain to her left ankle.

The next social of the Catholic Ladies' Benefit Association will be held at the residence of Mr and Mrs. Joseph Schrader, next Wednesday evening, instead of Tuesday evening, as was previously announced.

At the meeting of the Luther League, Thursday evening, it was resolved to secure the Edison Lyceum Company's anamatoscope, to exhibit at the Armory March 4th, the proceeds to be turned over to the Woman's Cemetery Association.

"Oklahoma Sam" Pfrimmer, after spending several weeks with J S Coxey and other friends in the neighborhood, has left for New Albany, Ind., for a brief visit with his parents. From there he will return to Mr. Coxey's stock farm in Oklahoma.

The East Liverpool city buildings and all city property except that used in extinguishing fires, have been levied upon by the sheriff to satisfy a judgment against the city. Unless the amount of the judgment is speedily settled the property will be sold.

A car containing 100 dogs of all sizes and colors passed through Alliance yesterday en route to Seattle to be sold to prospective residents of the Klondike regions. The dogs were shipped by J. L. Buck, of Philadelphia, and his freight bill was $385.—Review.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Rose have taken up their residence in South East street. Their marriage took place at Loudonville, Tuesday evening. Mrs. Rose was formerly Miss Alice Wigert. Mr. Rose is well known as the proprietor of a Railroad street barber shop.

The friends and parishioners of the Rev. C. M. Roberts, of St. Timothy's church, will be glad to hear that the treatment for which he went into a Cincinnati hospital has turned out to be less severe than was expected, and that he will be able to return to Massillon within the next two weeks.

E. Z. Hermansader, formerly foreman of the roundhouse in the Wheeling & Lake Erie railway yards in this city, and is now foreman of the company's machine shops at Norwalk, spent last evening in the city. C. C. Needham, [illegible] agent on the W. & L. E., was also [illegible] visitor yesterday.

[illegible] in the Buchwalter mine, was perhaps fatally injured by being caught beneath a fall of rock. Richard Collins also sustained serious injuries in an accident at the Klondike mine. Both mines are the property of the Mullins Coal Company, and are located near North Lawrence.

J. W. Schuckers was delightfully surprised, Wednesday night, by a party of friends assembling at his home at North Lawrence. There were a number present from Massillon, and the evening was spent in a manner most delightful. Music was furnished by the Canal Fulton Mandolin Club, and a sumptuous luncheon was served, forty-three covers being laid.

With the exception of the Howells' mine, all the mines located on the W. & L E. road were idle on Wednesday, for want of empty cars. The car famine is not confined to the W. & L. E., but prevails on nearly every line in Ohio. A sufficient number of cars were provided to permit the mines to resume today, and further trouble is not anticipated for several weeks at least.

Branch 4 of the Catholic Mutual Benefit Association held a meeting Thursday evening, having present Dr. Nungesser, grand medical examiner, and Mr. Slaudecker, trustee of the grand council, both of Cleveland Messrs. Nungesser and Slaudecker came to this part of the state on a business mission, and they made it a point to get to Massillon for the regular meeting. Both made brief addresses.

It now turns out that the two men who were found lying in the snow along a road west of town, the other day, unconscious and nearly frozen, were intoxicated. After being thawed out the two men stole quietly away, refusing to give their names or tell where they were from. It has since been learned, however, that the name of one is Faurer, and that one is employed on the Tschantz farm and the other in the cheese factory at Sonnenberg.

During the month of January last the Pennsylvania railroad handled over the middle division 150,320 cars, and broke all previous records for one month. During the same month of 1896, 108,443 cars were handled. Of the total handled last month, 83,761 were loaded and the remainder were run over the division light. Some idea of the number of trains can be obtained by dividing 150,320 by 40, which is about the average number of cars to the train.—Alliance Leader.

The entertainment known as the "Sweet Family," which was given some time ago by the younger members of St. Timothy's Sunday school, is to be repeated next Tuesday evening, February 8, at the parish building. In addition to the original extertainment there will be a magic lantern exhibition. Admission ten cents. The entertainment will be given for the benefit of a young member of the Sunday school who is helplessly crippled with rheumatism.

After a service of nearly three years, which has at all times been highly satisfactory to his employers, Mr. J. W. Gillam has severed his connection with The Independent Company and entered the employ of Wade Bros., in East Main street, as bookkeeper and collector. Mr John Shepard, well and favorably known to many readers of THE INDEPENDENT, succeeds Mr Gillam as solicitor and collector, and the company trusts his relations with its patrons will be as harmonious as were those of his predecessor.

A party of Massillonians will leave this city on February 18 for a complete tour of the South and West. Arrangements have been made for a special car, which will meet an excursion train at Columbus. Some time will be spent in New Orleans, and all the points of interest of Mexico and the southwestern states will be visited, returning by way of California. Stops will be made at Salt Lake City, Colorado Springs and other places on the return trip. The party will be gone fifty days, and will consist of Mr. and Mrs J. F. Hess. Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Snyder, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Snyder, Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Snyder. Misses Hattie, Ethel and Estella Snyder, Miss Edith Albrecht, Miss Anna Hess, Mr. George Snyder and Masters Harry and Floyd Snyder.

OBITUARY NOTICE

Mrs. Retta B Dunlap, aged 39 years, wife of William R Dunlap, died very unexpectedly Thursday morning at about 1 o'clock, at her home at 21 Borden avenue. Mrs. Dunlap had been ill for more than a week with asthma, but her condition was not regarded as serious The immediate cause of death was heart failure. Shortly before 1 o'clock Mrs. Dunlap was seized with an asthmatic paroxysm so violent that the heart was affected, death resulting a few minutes later.

Mrs. Dunlap was born in Tuscarawas county and her maiden name was Butts. Her parents reside in New Philadelphia, and having been notified of her death, will probably arrive in the city this afternoon. The funeral arrangements will not be made until they reach here. The deceased is survived by a husband and several children. Mr. Dunlap was at one time a dispatcher on the Wheeling & Lake Erie railroad.

OSCAR MALZAHN.

Oscar, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Julius Malzahn, of Crystal Spring, died on Thursday morning. The funeral will be held from St. Paul's church on Saturday at 1:30 p. m. The Rev. L. H. Burry will officiate.

At Crystal Spring.

CRYSTAL SPRING, Feb. 3.—The mines are working about half time.

The infant child of Julius Malzan died this morning.

The sinking of Burton's new mine at Mudbrook has been discontinued until warmer weather.

There will be a meeting of the directors of the co-operative company on February 14.

A BIG FIGHT AHEAD.

An Exciting Democratic Primary Election in Sight.

QUIET IN REPUBLICAN CIRCLES.

Jacob J. Wise Thus Far is Without Opposition—Sigismund Loew will not be a Candidate, and E, J. Hamill is Still Undecided—Other Candidates.

As spring election draws near, politics become more and more generally the topic of discussion, and citizens with aspirations, having consulted their staunchest friends and sounded the doubtful ones, are now grooming themselves for the fight that must soon be on. The election will take place on April 4, but the primaries will be held some weeks earlier. It is not likely that there will be a scarcity of candidates, although the lists of both parties have shortened considerably in the past few weeks.

Jacob J. Wise is already in the field, and whether he will have opposition at the Republican primary election is still a question. In the direction of Sigismund Loew he will have none, for Mr. Loew, Friday evening, emphatically declared that he will not be a candidate, and that he never had any intention of being one The report, he says, that has been so general lately, originated among his friends, who are more ambitious for him than he is himself. E. J. Hamill is still undetermined.

The mayoralty fight at the Democratic primary promises to be the bitterest and most exciting in years. It looks now as though the names of Charles Frantz and Tobias Schott, the present incumbent, are to be all that the ticket will bear, but persons familiar with the situation agree that they will be quite enough. All along it was thought that 'Squire H. B. Sibila would be a candidate, but he now informs THE INDEPENDENT that at time has changed things. "I did think I would come out," said Mr. Sibila, Friday evening, "but I have now come to the conclusion that it is to the best interests of the party and myself that I do not. It's not the fear of being beaten that deters me, for I believe I would stand as good a show as the other fellows, but there are other circumstances that I do not now care to discuss."

E. L. Royer once told a man that he intended to be a candidate, but now Mr. Royer says that was only a joke. "Yes," said he, "I did say once that I had sold my saloon and had $1,000 for my campaign, but it was in a spirit of levity I am out of politics entirely, and I am seeking no office."

The anti-Schott faction of the local Democracy say that the present mayor will have much to explain before his third term will be forthcoming. He will be charged with having once declared himself opposed to free silver, and with being still a friend of the gold standard at heart, despite his protestations to the contrary. Furthermore, they will endeavor to prove that Mayor Schott two years ago pledged himself never again to be a candidate if he was not opposed at the primary. All these things, they say, will have weight with the voters.

Candidates for the minor offices have not yet declared themselves. Ex-Constable William Simonet, who was supposed to have councilmanic aspirations, has pronounced the report a political canard. Mr. Edward Creedon admits that he has his eye on the assessorship of his ward.

A CHANGE IN OFFICIALS.

The Toledo Dock and Coal Company's Election.

TOLEDO, Feb 4.—The meeting of the Toledo Dock and Coal Company stockholders was purely a formal affair. In fact, it was really a meeting of the Wheeling & Lake Erie receivers. The controlling interest in the coal and dock stock belongs to the Wheeling & Lake Erie railway company. The receivers voted the stock and elected the following directors: Myron T. Herrick, Robert Blickensderfer, M. I. Wilcox, Frank B. Swayne, H. J. Booth, J. H. Dowland and Downer Adams. The directors, who held their meeting as soon as the stockholders' meeting adjourned, elected the following officers: Receiver Herrick, president; Downer Adams, secretary and treasurer, and Receiver Blickensderfer, general manager. In the election, the railroad receivers dropped George W. Davis, S. C. Reynolds and A. G. Blair from the board of directors.

MR. BELL'S PECULIAR BILLS.

Farmers Desire to Regulate Hunting and Hunters.

Represenentative Bell, of Madison county, has introduced a bill which gives the owner or tenant of land the right to require all hunters to first secure permission to hunt before going upon a farm. The bill also gives the farmer control over all game and fish, also the privilege of directing where the hunter or fisherman shall pursue his sport and how he is to do it. If the sportsman kills more game than given permission to shoot or catch he is to either forfeit his gun to the farmer or pay a fine in any sum less than $50. The bill was drawn at request of Madison county farmers, who may endeavor to persuade their legislator to present another bill requiring sportsmen to wear blues goggles so that they will be unable to distinguish quail from blue birds.

FREE! FREE! FREE!

Given away for a few days only, commencing Saturday, February 5, 300 boxes, each containing one week's treatment of Wright's Celery Capsules at Z. T. Baltzly's Drug Store. Any person afflicted with Liver, Kidney or Stomach complaints, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Sick Headaches, can get one of the boxes free. Parties living out of the city can get them free by addressing The Wright Med. Co., Columbus, O.

MR. THOMAS RETURNS.

He was in Michigan for Many Months—Delegates Report.

EAST GREENVILLE, Feb. 4.—Samuel Thomas, who left here last summer for Colfax, a mining town five miles from Bay City, Mich., returned home Tuesday evening.

A meeting was held in Mossop's hall on Wednesday afternoon for the purpose of hearing a report from the delegates to the Chicago convention.

The young people of this place are arranging for the organization of a debating society.

HE IS SPENDING HIS MONEY.

DALTON, Feb. 4.—A party of seven men arrived in Dalton yesterday, and while six repaired at once to a saloon, their leader sought the mayor. "Your honor," said he, "we have not come to your town to raise a row; we are only having a good time. I used to be a foreman for Mr. Camp, who is building a railroad west of here, and I have lately received eight hundred dollars from Germany. I have no family and no place to put the money, so I want to spend it as soon as possible. Two of my party are not tramps, the others I know nothing about. We picked them up at various points along the line. We will likely get drunk while we are here, but if we violate any of your laws we want you to call us down. I spent one hundred dollars with saloon keepers in Orrville, and I may do the same here."

Mayor Harrold assured him that so long as they were orderly they would not be disturbed Then the leader returned to his followers, and they drank beer and sang until the saloon closed. The man with the money then went to the hotel, and the rank and file stole away to the pottery, and instead of sleeping the festivities were continued until all were exhausted. Today they are at the saloons again.

A REAL ESTATE DEAL.

WEST LEBANON, Feb. 4.—Frederick Smith, who recently purchased a house and lot from John Hevener for $725, is today moving his family to this place. The Smith family formerly resided in Elton. Mr. Smith is a miner.

CAMP CREEK ITEMS.

CAMP CREEK, Feb. 4 —Lewis Denning has commenced to work for Samuel Umbenhower.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. E. Hawk, a daughter.

Quite a number of our young people attended a party at Jay Evans's, one evening this week.

There will be communion services at Cross Road's next Sunday by the Rev. Mr. Berkey.

A literary social will be held at Cross Road's this evening.

Algie Baughman will move into the house with John Poorman in the spring

Quite a number of our young people visited at Henry Lonas's last Monday evening.

Accident at Orrville.

ORRVILLE, Feb. 3 —W. L. Robinson was quite seriously hurt while working in the cooper shop of the Orrville Milling Company. He was on a platform in the shop and in some way he fell off and was picked up unconscious, and it is feared that he is hurt internally. He is an aged man and it will be some time before he will be able to be out.

Last night was the coldest here this winter. The thermometer registered eight degrees below zero this morning. The water pipes burst in the residence of Proctor E. Seas, the postmaster, doing considerable damage to his house before being noticed.

A Contributed Item

The spacious dining parlors of the Barnett House, at Canton, were the scene of many demonstrations of good feeling, it being the semi-annual banquet of the N. P. U. Club, given to the thirteen assembled members by Howard E. Feasel, of Columbus. The dining parlors were handsomely and tastefully decorated in the club colors, purple and gold, and festooned with ferns, palms and cut flowers. Many were the stories, weird and wild, that were told, and congeniality reigned supreme. Toasts were given and responded to by the different members present. Among the members present we mention the names of Clarence E. Smith, of the Ohio State University, and LaVerne Higerd, who is well and favorably known in Massillon's society circles. The next semi-annual banquet of the club will be held at Wooster on August 4, 1898. ***

West Brookfield Items.

WEST BROOKFIELD, Feb. 7.—Revival meetings, conducted by the Rev. G. W. Dunlap, are in progress at the Lutheran church. Services will be held each evening, his week.

The Sunday school association, of Tuscarawas township, will hold its fifth local convention for the year 1897-98 at the Sixteen church, on Sunday evening, February 13. The following programme has been prepared:

Subject, "Help," Acts 16-9.
What is the best kind of help? .....The Rev. G. W. Dunlap
How should the Sunday school help the child? .....Mrs W. D. Oberlin.
How should the Sunday school help the parents? .....J. H. Tschantz
How should the parents help the Sunday school? .....Isaac Snavely
How should the Sunday school help society? .....The Rev. N. E. Moffit

News from Crystal Spring.

CRYSTAL SPRING, Feb. 7.—Michael Kuligoriski had his leg broken between the knee and ankle by a fall of coal at the Hernbrook mine on Friday.

The Crystal Spring band will give an entertainment in the school house on the 19th of this month.

Mr. and Mrs. John Abels will reside with Mr and Mrs. Henry Eisenhart.

Mrs. Daniel Bausher spent Friday in Massillon on business.

Fred, the 13-year-old son of Henry Rusie is sick with lung fever.

No one would ever be bothered with constipation if everyone knew how naturally and quickly Burdock Blood Bitters regulates the stomach and bowels.

INDEPENDENT WANT COLUMNS

Articles lost and found, houses to let or desired, help wanted, situations wanted, real estate bulletins and kindred announcements are more certain to produce results if advertised under this head than by any other means. Copy must be left not later than 10 a. m to insure insertion the same day. Six publications of not more than 4 printed lines for 25 cents

FOR SALE.

A BABY CARRIAGE that cost $35. and is almost new for sale cheap. Inquire at 73 North Mill street.

A GOOD dwelling and business property will be sold at a bargain. Building contains 10 rooms situated at No 76 W. Main St, Massillon, O. For particulars inquire at C. V Hammersmith's insurance office.

GOVE'S TEN Horse and Cattle Remedies, "Neverslip" Shoes, Calks and Wrenches. Geo. H. Gove, V S., Office and stable rear of 24 East Main St. Bell 'Phon 206.

LOTS—I have for sale 23 one acre lots on Richville avenue for $200 each. These lots face on two streets, 132x300. S. Burd.

MASTIFF—A good thoroughbred Mastiff dog, weighs 148 pounds. Not needed longer Inquire at the 20th Century Store

RESIDENCE—The John Lowe residence 26 West Charles street, 114 foot frontage. For particulars see J. C Lowe, Opera block.

FIVE roomed house and lot with good cellar, city and cistern water, located at 67 West Tremont street Inquire of Mrs. F. Geitz, 209 State street, or S. Burd.

THE FARM known as John A Black's farm, containing 80 acres more or less, located on Canton and Massillon road. For further particulars inquire of C. K Smith, Administrator, Box 208, Massillon, O.

For Sale or Rent

A DESIRABLE business place and residence for sale. Inquire at 62 South Erie street. Mrs. E. Hinderer.

PROPERTY—After April 1st, Buckius property in East Main street. Inquire of E. F. Rahney.

MISCELLANEOUS.

EXPERT ACCOUNTANCY- Books opened, closed, adjusted Anything in the line of Bookkeeping. The Actual Business College Co. Farmers 'Phone 119, Massillon.

FOUND.

MUFF—Owner can have same by calling on L. H. Nold at Metropolitan Life Ins. office, proving property and paying for this notice.

LOST.

KEYS—On the Millport road, a bunch of keys. A reward of $1 00 will be paid for heir return to Dr. Hallock's office,

FOR RENT

EIGHT Room house on Richville avenue, arranged for two families, in whole or part City and cistern water Newly painted and papered. Large garden and fruit. Inquire at Meuser Bros. piano factory. H. C. Meuser.

FIVE roomed house, South Erie street, close to Russell & Co's shop. City water and sewer. Inquire at 2 Railroad St.

HOUSE—With five rooms, centrally located and in good condition. Possession given at once. Apply to E. A Jones, 198 East Tremont street.

HOUSE—Of four rooms, near Third street. Four-roomed house and summer kitchen, No. 206 South East street. Inquire at Diehlenn Bros.

TWO dwelling houses; one corner Oak and Mill streets and the other in S. Erie street Inquire of J. H. Hunt.

TWO four roomed houses with summer kitchen; city and cistern water; on corner of Mill and Plum streets. Possession given at once. Inquire of Henry Gribble at Bost's livery stable.

TWO Houses located on Green street, one four roomed house with a good out-kitchen with or without barn. Another three roomed house, both have good well and cistern water. Inquire at 141 Green St.

WANTED.

MEN—Two reliable men to canvass and collect at once. Good salary and permanent position to right party. For full particulars apply to J C. Sear, 20 E Main St

MONEY—To loan on first class business property in Massillon, in sums of $4,000 to $10,000, at 6 per cent. Address Lock Box 435, Canton, O.

POSITION—To do housework by German-American girl. Address A. B. Independent office

SAFE—A small second hand safe. Address stating price, condition, make and size. The Fulton Machine Co., Canal Fulton, O.

THRESHER—Any person having for sale a second hand d Russell threshing machine, good enough to repair for threshing, address P O. Box 311, Orrville, Ohio.

For Sale or Exchange

ONE good big cheap work horse, two cheap drivers. Inquire of Wm. Banta, West Side livery.

WARTHORST & Co.

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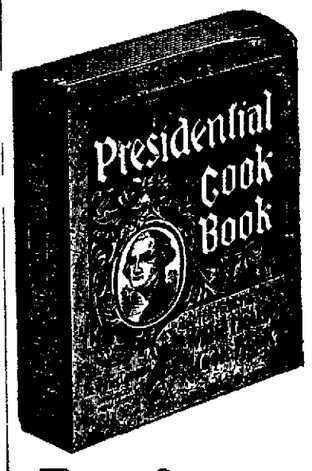
BRICK. - - BRICK.

Massillon, O.



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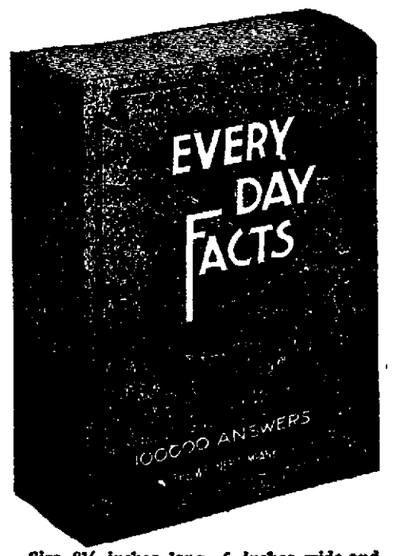

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